Left to Right Language for Subtraction

①②③
784
- 369
———
400 ①
+ 20 ②
———
420
- 5 ③
———
415

① Start with the largest place value (Hundreds).
"I have 7 hundreds, I owe 3 hundreds. I still <u>have</u>
4 hundreds. The value of 4 hundreds is 400."

② Move to the Tens.
"I have 8 tens, I owe 6 tens. I still <u>have</u>
2 tens. The value of 2 tens is 20. <u>Add the 20</u>
because you still have it."

③ Move to the Ones.
"I have 4 ones. I owe 9 ones. I still <u>owe</u> 5 ones.
The value of 5 ones is 5. <u>Subtract 5</u> from the
previous total, ((count back from 420: 419, 418, 417, 416, ④15).)"
because it is still owed."
784 - 369 = 4̲1̲5̲

①②③④
3567
- 1793
————
2000 ①
- 200 ②
————
1800
- 30 ③
————
1770
+ 4 ④
————
1774

① Start with the largest place value (Thousands).
"I have 3 thousands. I owe 1 thousand. I still <u>have</u>
2 thousands. The value of 2 thousands is 2000."

② Move to the Hundreds.
"I have 5 hundreds. I owe 7 hundreds. I still <u>owe</u>
2 hundreds. The value of 2 hundreds is 200. ⊖
<u>Subtract the 200</u> (count back by 100s)." The 200 is owed.

③ Move to the Tens.
"I have 6 tens. I owe 9 tens. I still <u>owe</u> 3 tens.
The value of 3 tens is 30. <u>Subtract the 30</u> because it
is still owed. (Count back by 10s)"

④ Move to the Ones.
"I have 7 ones. I owe 3 ones. I still <u>have</u> 4 ones.
The value of 4 ones is 4. <u>Add the 4</u> because you still
have it."